

Efficient Sparse Retrieval with Lightweight Superblock Pruning

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Background & Motivation

- Recent retrieval algorithms BMP and SP [SIGIR '24, '25] use a very large number of clusters to accelerate retrieval

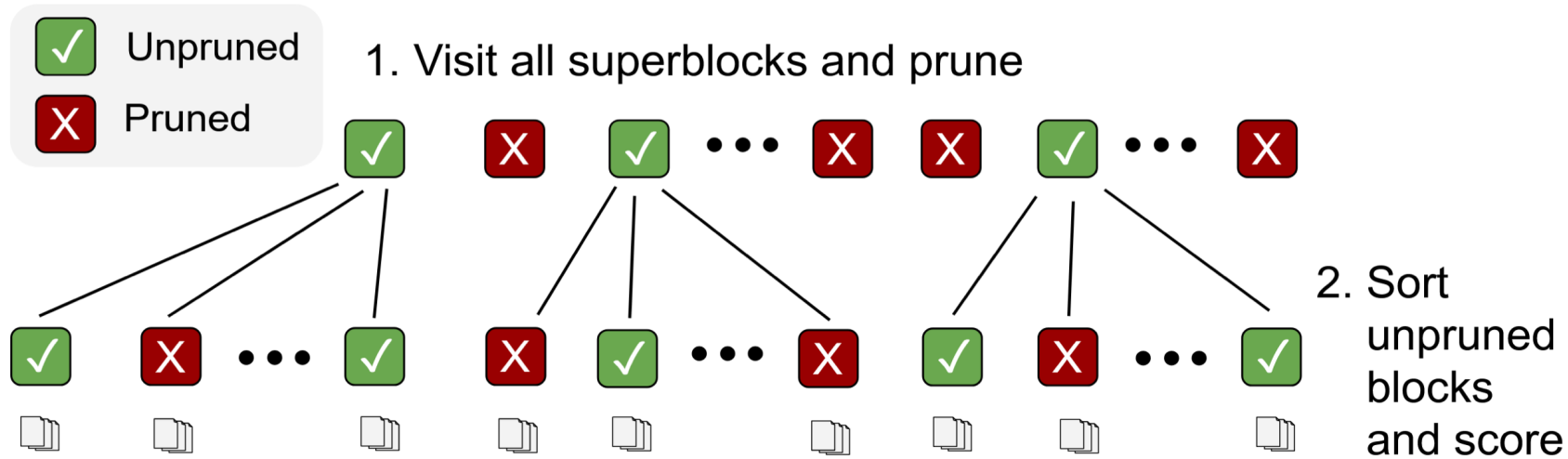
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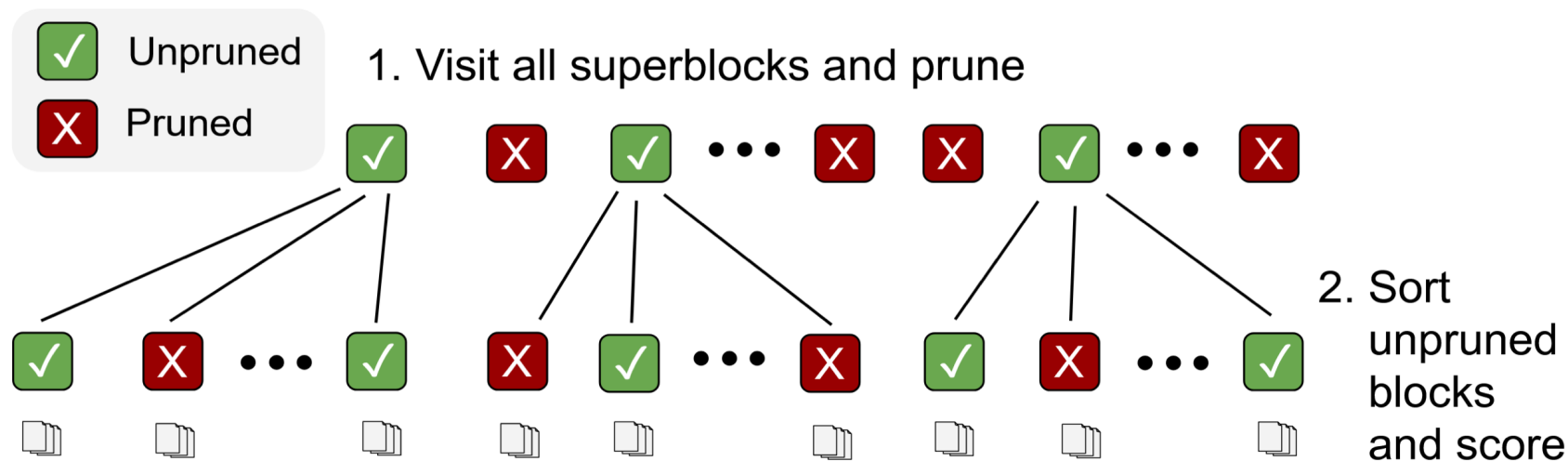
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- However, they both have large index sizes and struggle with cluster overpruning during approximate retrieval
- In this work, we investigate the design choices of BMP and SP and propose improvements to address their weaknesses

Review: SP Architecture [SIGIR '25]



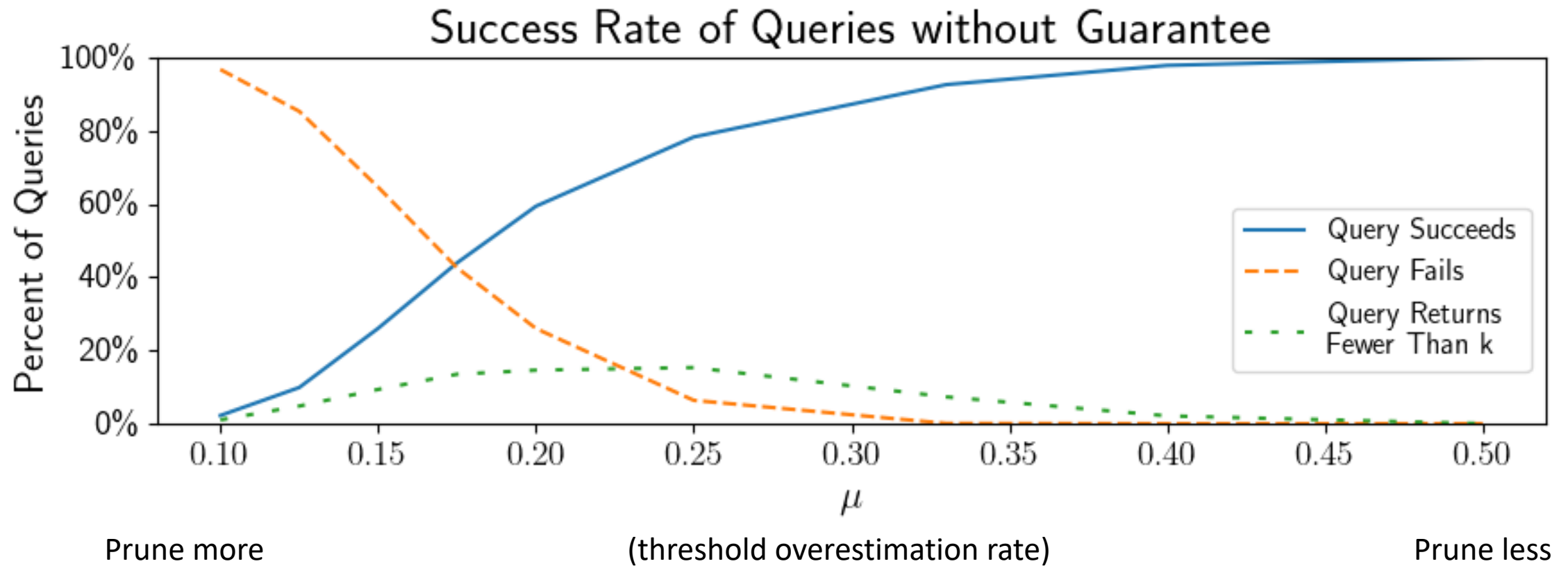
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- At the superblock level, use SB BoundSum and SB Avg to prune

$$SBBoundSum(C_i) = \sum_{t \in Q} q_t \cdot \max_{d \in C_i} w_{t,d}; \quad SBAvg(C_i) = \sum_{t \in Q} q_t \cdot \left(\frac{1}{|C_i|} \sum_{d \in C_i} w_{t,d} \right)$$

Limitations of Superblock Pruning



Goals of Lightweight Superblock Pruning (LSP)

1. Address the superblock overpruning problem

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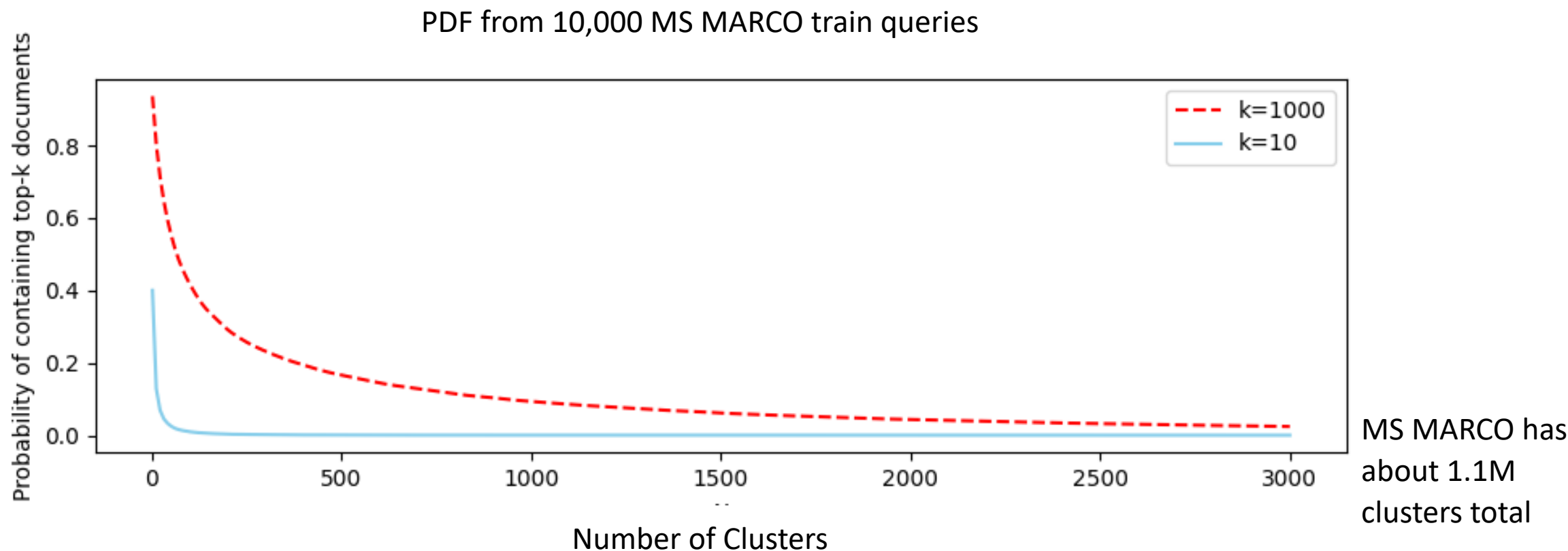
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Key Idea:

Guarantee Searching a Minimum Number of Superblocks

Address Superblock Overpruning

- If we only search the top-gamma SBs, how good are the results?



Address Superblock Overpruning

Table 1: Confidence $P_\gamma(I)$ based on MS MARCO training data

γ	Guaranteed number of clusters					
	100	200	300	1000	2000	3000
$k = 10, b \times c = 64$	98.9%	99.6%	99.8%	$\sim 100\%$	$\sim 100\%$	$\sim 100\%$
$k = 10, b \times c = 128$	99.0%	99.6%	99.8%	$\sim 100\%$	$\sim 100\%$	$\sim 100\%$
$k = 10, b \times c = 256$	99.0%	99.6%	99.8%	$\sim 100\%$	$\sim 100\%$	$\sim 100\%$
$k = 1,000, b \times c = 64$	56.4%	69.4%	74.6%	89.4%	95.0%	97.1%
$k = 1,000, b \times c = 128$	59.6%	71.4%	77.3%	90.8%	95.8%	97.6%
$k = 1,000, b \times c = 256$	62.2%	73.7%	79.4%	91.9%	96.5%	98.1%

Retrieval Depth (k) &
Cluster size ($b \times c$)

What Superblock Heuristic is Best?

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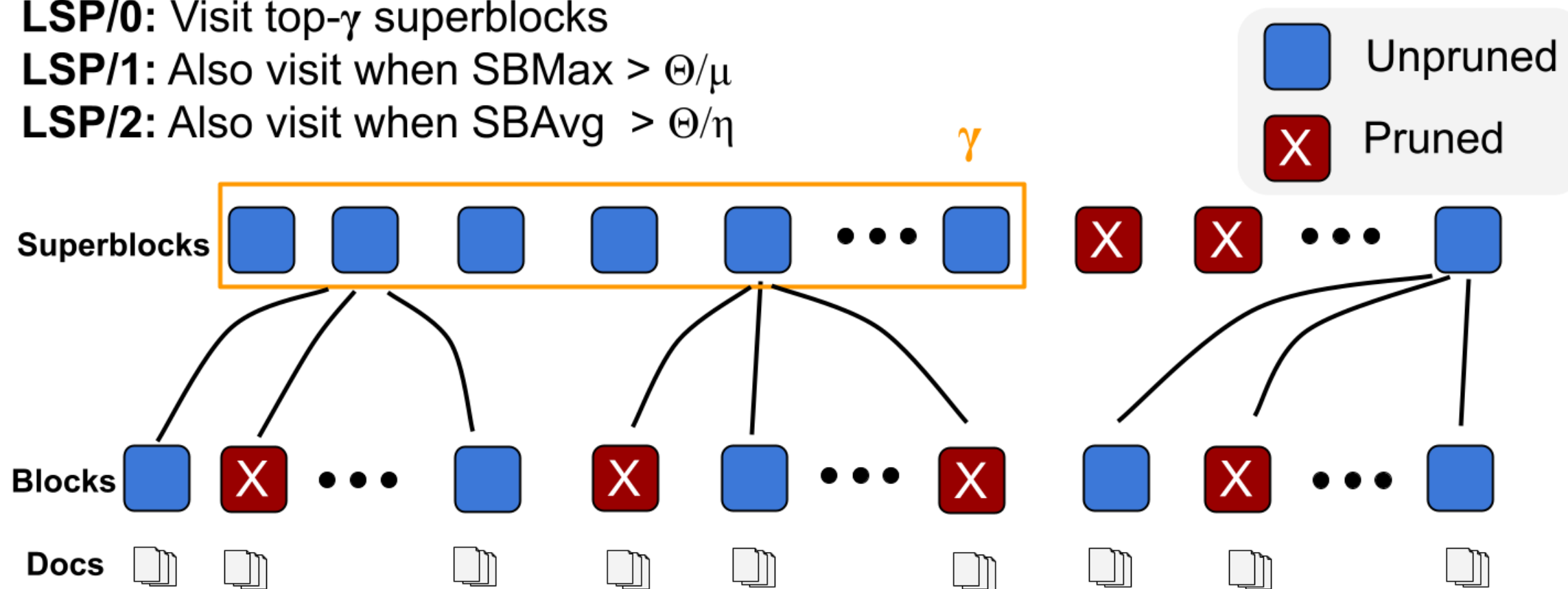
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LSP Architecture

LSP/0: Visit top- γ superblocks

LSP/1: Also visit when $SBMax > \Theta/\mu$

LSP/2: Also visit when $SBAvg > \Theta/\eta$



Evaluation & Results

Evaluation Methodology

- In-Domain: MS MARCO passages (8.8M), Dev set, DL19, DL 20
- OOD: BEIR-13 Datasets
- Scalability: MS MARCO passages v2 (138M), Dev1 set
- Baselines:
 - MaxScore (PISA) [IPM '95; OSIRRC@SIGIR '19]
 - BMP [SIGIR '24]
 - SP [SIGIR '25]
 - SeismicWave [SIGIR '24; CIKM '24]

What Superblock Heuristic is Best?

- In-domain grid search on MS MARCO (SPLADE++)

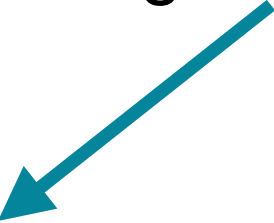
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	<i>k</i> =10				
LSP/0	195	214	275	281	320
LSP/1	191	215	248	285	315
LSP/2	474	477	527	527	716
Seismic-W. + <i>knn</i>	159 79	179 90	221 99	323 115	402 132
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LSP/0	571	571	656	765	1030
LSP/1	516	562	647	780	961
LSP/2	846	937	1173	1280	1710
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MRT in *microseconds*

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overfit to dev
queries =>
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performance



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LSP/1 is
slightly better
than LSP/0

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but is ~30%-2x
faster for k=1000

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- How to test?
 - Fix configuration based on train data / in-domain grid search
- LSP/0 for $k=10$:
 - $\gamma=250$, query pruning rate=0.33, $\sim 500K$ clusters
(0.05% of clusters)

OOD Results on BEIR-13

Fastest on 10/13
datasets

Dataset	Corpus Size	Safe nDCG	BMP			SP			SeismicWave			LSP/0		
			nDCG	MRT	GB	nDCG	MRT	GB	nDCG	MRT	GB	nDCG	MRT	GB
Arguana	8.7K	52.0	51.1	0.414	0.070	48.7	0.704	0.096	49.5	0.089	0.188	50.3	0.222	0.023
C-FEVER	5.4M	23.0	24.3	9.45	15.3	24.5	10.5	58.3	24.4	0.453	7.47	23.6	0.623	6.14
DBPedia	4.6M	43.7	43.3	6.34	19.8	43.6	2.02	48.3	43.2	0.381	5.63	42.9	0.330	4.79
FEVER	5.4M	78.8	79.9	7.38	15.2	79.5	4.36	58.3	80.0	0.501	7.47	79.2	0.461	6.13
FiQA	57K	34.7	35.5	0.639	0.405	35.5	0.598	0.666	35.6	0.841	0.713	35.1	0.186	0.093
Hotpot	5.2M	68.7	68.6	9.62	21.4	68.5	3.73	54.0	68.3	0.442	5.73	67.1	0.422	5.04
NFCorpus	3.6K	34.7	35.3	0.104	0.030	34.9	0.123	0.035	35.6	0.045	0.080	35.2	0.084	0.011
NQ	2.7M	53.8	53.8	4.61	14.8	53.9	2.11	30.3	53.8	0.363	7.04	53.4	0.294	3.57
Quora	520K	83.4	83.5	0.945	1.27	83.2	0.521	4.51	83.4	0.305	0.693	83.5	0.193	0.294
SciDocs	25K	15.9	15.8	0.444	0.213	15.9	0.499	0.306	15.8	0.239	0.413	16.2	0.175	0.052
SciFact	5K	70.4	70.7	0.350	0.046	70.5	0.469	0.055	70.8	0.090	0.115	70.8	0.129	0.014
T-COVID	171K	72.7	72.8	1.57	1.10	72.1	1.18	1.92	72.8	1.94	1.98	72.9	0.241	0.227
Touche	380K	24.7	27.3	1.77	2.61	27.3	0.793	4.56	27.2	0.861	4.32	27.3	0.215	0.575
Average	1.9M	50.5	50.9	3.22	7.10	50.6	2.12	20.1	50.8	0.504	3.22	50.6	0.275	2.07
vs. LSP/0	–	-0.7%	+0.6%	9.3x	3.7x	+0.2%	5.7x	8.0x	+0.4%	2.0x	5.0x	–	–	–
$k = 100$	1.9M	50.6	51.0	6.13	7.10	50.7	3.47	20.1	50.9	1.06	3.22	50.9	0.490	2.07
$k = 1000$	1.9M	50.6	50.9	13.9	7.10	50.7	8.75	20.1	50.9	2.52	3.22	51.0	1.31	2.07

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Touche	380K	24.7	27.3	1.77	2.61	27.3	0.793	4.56	27.2	0.861	4.32	27.3	0.215	0.575
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vs. LSP/0	–	-0.7%	+0.6%	9.3x	3.7x	+0.2%	5.7x	8.0x	+0.4%	2.0x	5.0x	–	–	–
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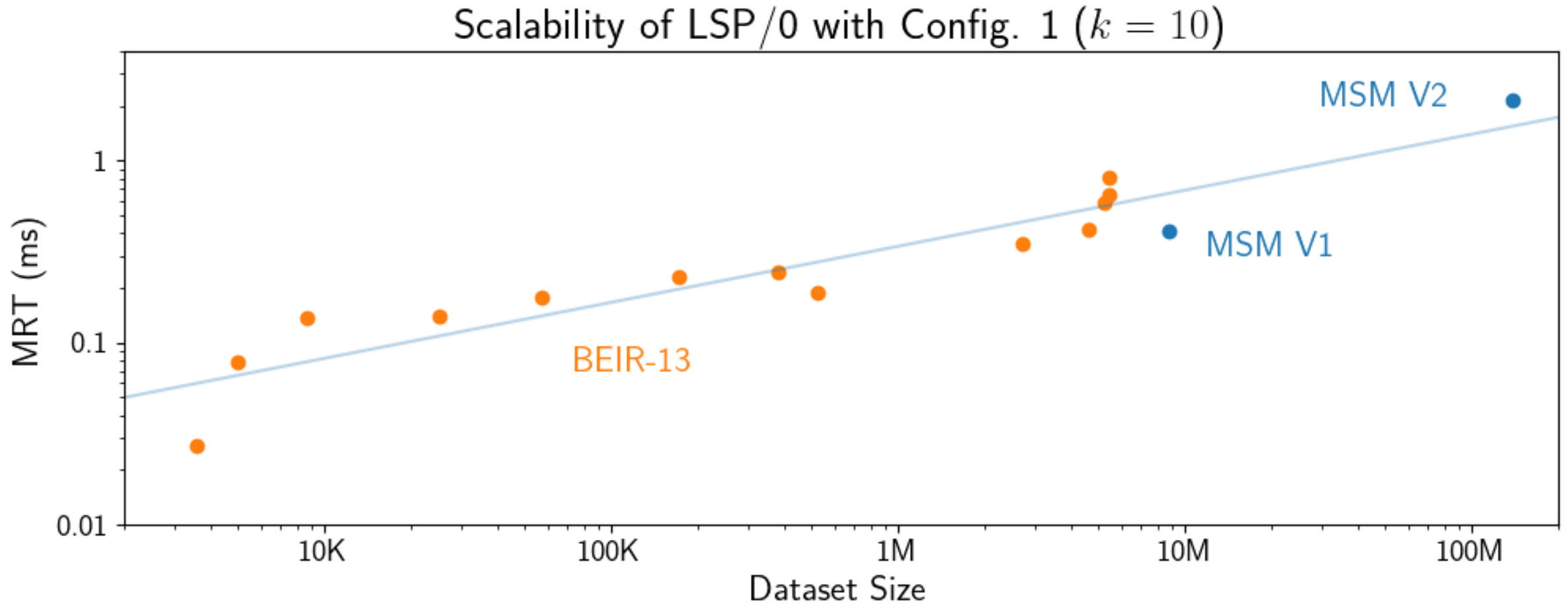
5.7x faster than SP,
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OOD Results on BEIR-13

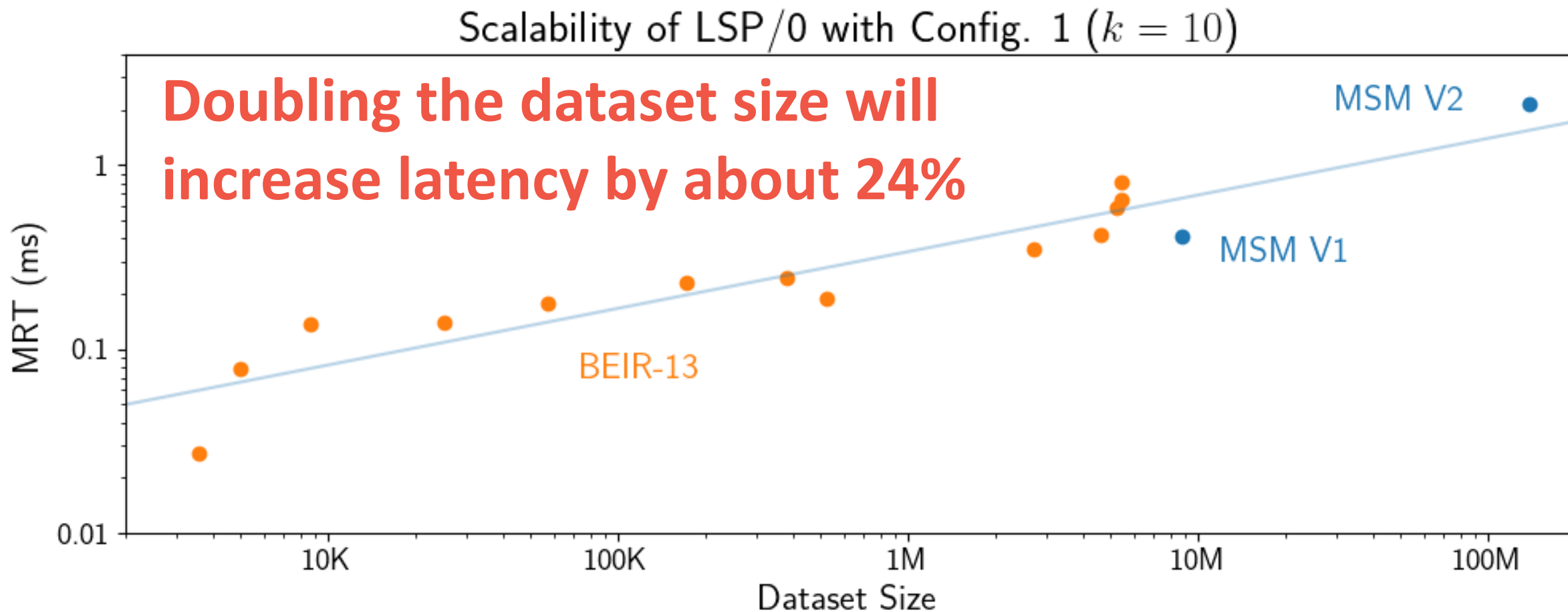
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Trend holds for
k=100 and k=1000

Scalability of LSP with Fixed Configuration



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- When a grid search is possible, fastest on $k=1000$, but slower at $k=10$ than Seismic
- A simple guarantee of top clusters outperforms more complex pruning heuristics (LSP/1 & LSP/2); backed by a probabilistic relevance model

**This work is supported by the
SIGIR Student Travel Grant**

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